



Agencia Nacional del Espectro



XI CONGRESO INTERNACIONAL DE ESPECTRO

HABILITADOR DE DESARROLLO
Y COMPETITIVIDAD

Laura Roberti

Director of Spectrum and Market Access Telesat

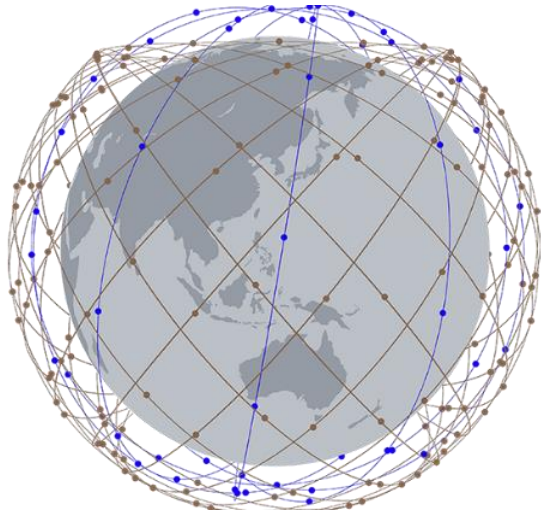


El futuro digital
es de todos

MinTIC

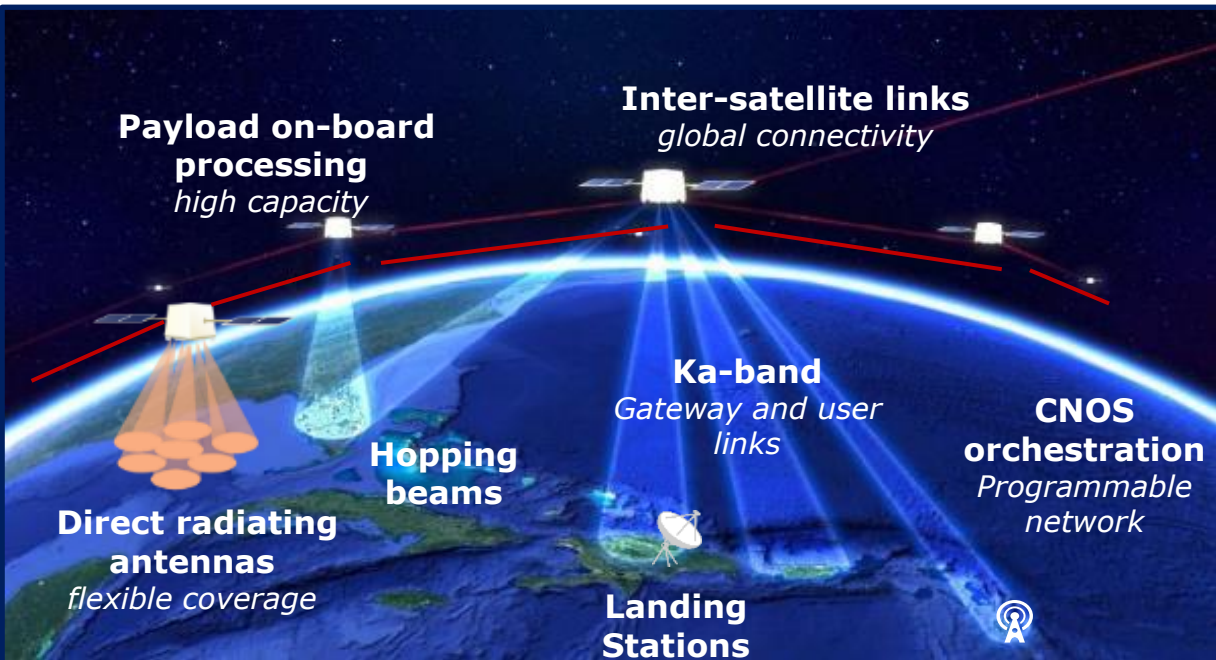
TELESAT LIGHTSPEED™

A highly innovative global LEO network

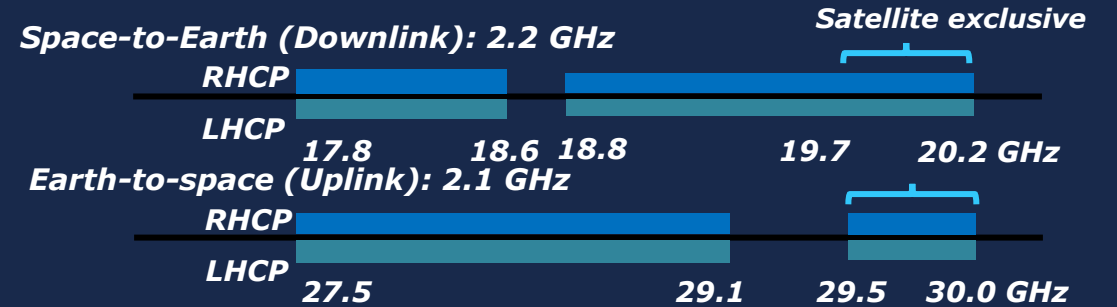


■ Polar Orbit

■ Inclined Orbit



- ✓ 298 satellite constellation with optical inter-satellite links, full global coverage from pole to pole
- ✓ 78 polar satellites in 6 orbit planes at 1,015 km and 220 inclined satellites in 20 orbit planes at 1,325 km
- ✓ ~35 times closer to Earth than traditional satellites for fibre-quality low latency
- ✓ ~4 GHz Ka-band spectrum and ~135,000 agile beams to flexibly connect small to very large sites (few Mbps to multiple Gbps links)



- ✓ Multiple satellites and ground nodes for resilient, always-on connectivity to rural and remote areas
- ✓ Scalable architecture, addition of satellites will increase capacity
- ✓ Mobile/Fixed applications for enterprise/government/maritime/aeronautical

01. **Lack of Regionally Harmonized/streamlined Framework for ESIM and Ubiquitous VSAT terminals**

Harmonizing/streamlining requirements (e.g. by introducing blanket licenses/ facilitating the circulation of terminals) on a regional basis is conducive to the timely provision of services and reduces the work of regulatory agencies and all involved. Draft Recommendation on ESIM being proposed within CITEI

02. **High Spectrum Fees**

High spectrum fees could have a dampening effect on the ability to provide broadband satellite services, as novel satellite systems can use up to 4GHz of spectrum

03. **Landing Rights requirements**

Landing rights are very rare outside of the Americas. The lighter the regulatory touch, the quicker and more effectively services can be provided domestically, regionally and globally

04. **WRC-23 AI 1.16 – NGSO ESIM operation in Ka-band**

Past studies for GSO ESIM in the Ka-band leading to Resolution **156 (WRC-15)** and Resolution **169 (WRC-19)**, have many similarities with those under Resolution **173 (WRC-19)** → Technical, operational and regulatory provisions for non-GSO ESIM should be similar to those applicable to GSO ESIM to the extent possible and pending the results of the studies

Government of Canada and Telesat Lightspeed Partnership on Rural Connectivity



Backhaul on Telesat Lightspeed



Affordable Access

Cost-effective for ubiquitous coverage, more affordable than fibre and wireless alternatives for remote communities



50/10 Mbps Unlimited

High speed, true broadband experience



5G and LTE Services

Reliable, affordable and rapidly deployed wireless services

Eliminating the digital divide



Empowering Communities

Providing underserved communities with fibre quality broadband



Expanding Healthcare

Real-time access to medical specialists, electronic records and management systems



Creating Opportunities

With state-of-the-art online learning, access to government services, and the global economy



Key Takeaways

- Telesat Lightspeed will provide much needed capacity with flexibility, low latency and revolutionary economics in the region
- Government support and technology-neutral funding for rural connectivity will be important in achieving universal connectivity for education, health and other important societal applications
- A streamlined and harmonised regulatory touch will enable operators to timely deploy novel services
- Administrations are invited to support
 - revision of domestic regulations, when needed, to adapt to new services
 - the development of harmonized regulatory framework in the region
 - studies under WRC-23 AI1.16 towards a successful solution for this AI, similar to the one for GSO ESIM in the same frequency band



XI CONGRESO INTERNACIONAL DE ESPECTRO

HABILITADOR DE DESARROLLO
Y COMPETITIVIDAD

Thank you for your
attention!

Lroberti@telesat.com

www.ane.gov.co